

110KV (60kV) **Oil-immersed Power Transformer**

LOW CONSUMPTION & ENERGY SAVING



www.ceegelectric.com

《CEEG[°]中电电气

Company Address: CITIC Investment Building, Yuhuatai District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, China Tel: +86-025-52095601 +86 13812232111
Unified National Customer Service Hotline: info@ceegelectric.com

Welcome to our website: www.ceegelectric.com



right to do any improving for it whenever the technology should be upgraded or the production craftwork should be renewed possibly, or do some necessary correction because of the literal error and inaccurate information of this manual without any prior notice. When you make your orders, please keep in touch with relative personnel in order to confirm if your information is right.





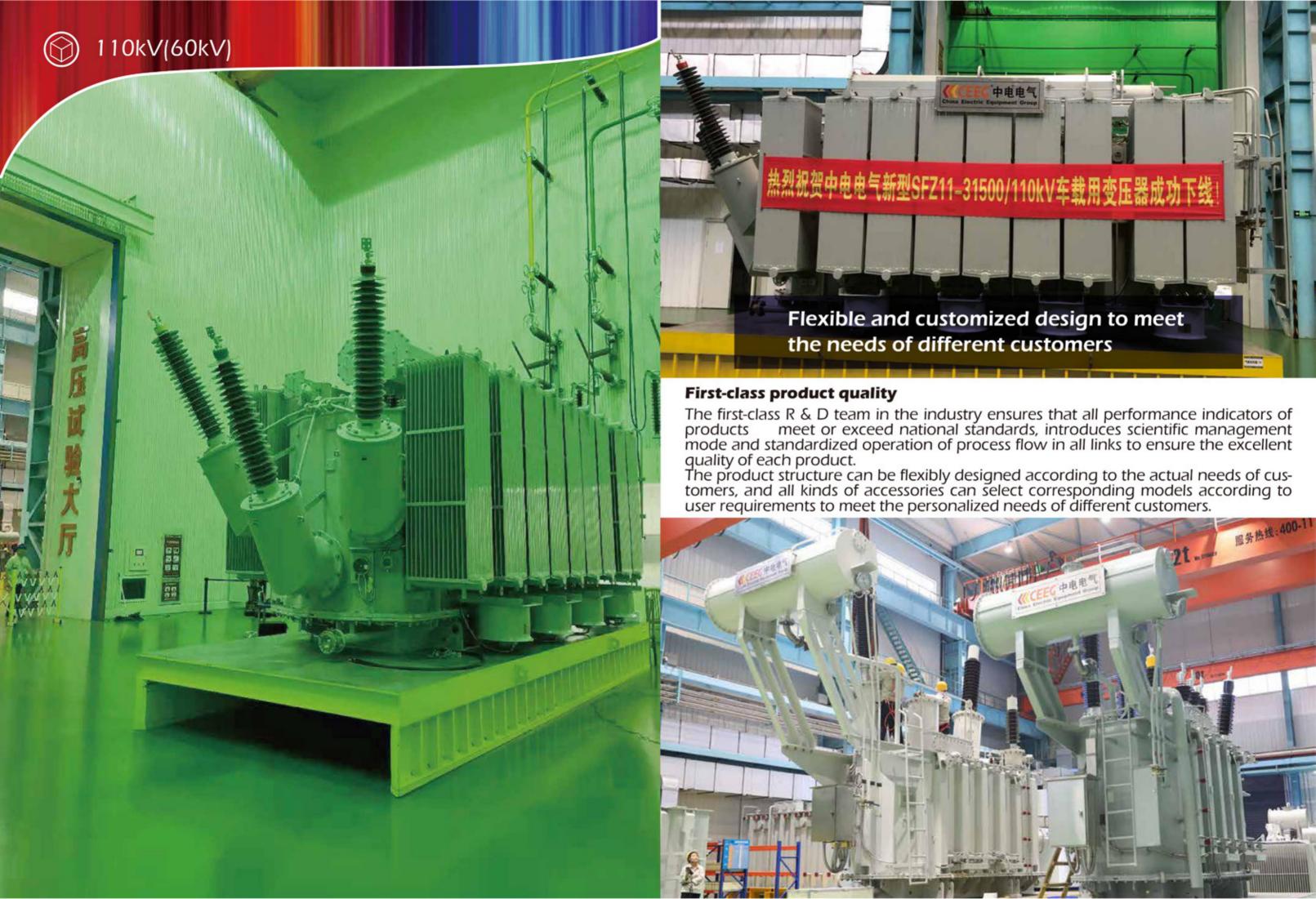
Founded in 1990, CEEG has been focusing on manufacturing for 30 years and exporting quality power equipment to the world with the core values of "Vision, Innovation and Responsibility". So far, CEEG has three major industries: power transmission and distribution, new energy and system solutions, with industrial bases in Nanjing and Yangzhong. CEEG was successively awarded the honorary titles of National Innovative Enterprise, Top 500 Asian Brands, Most Influential Brand of China Electrical Industry, China Environmental Label, and National Contract-observing and Creditable Enterprise. In 2011, CEEG was ranked 183rd among the top 500 private enterprises in China with sales of 10.9 billion. China Electric Equipment (Jiangsu) Transformer Manufacture Co., Ltd. is a modern enterprise integrating manufacturing. sales and scientific research. It has a complete set of shearing machines, automatic wrapping machine, robotic automatic laminating machine, German Hedrich vacuum casting tank, vacuum impregnation, electric transfer vehicle and other advanced equipments representing a high level in the industry, and is the first in the industry to develop and apply transformer collaborative design platform to effectively combine product data, product development and production process. CEEG's products include VPI transformer, cast resin transformer, semi-envelope transformer, oil-immersed transformers, traction transformers, 220kV power transformers, 110kV power transformer, mining explosion-proof transformer, mining explosion-proof switches, high and low voltage switchgear, frequency conversion transformer, amorphous alloy transformer, anti-harmonic transformer, Scott transformer, substation, wind power transformer, marine transformer, etc. Its sales cover many industries such as electric power, electronics, hydropower, nuclear power, wind power, coal mines, communications, construction, petroleum, chemical industry, aviation, transportation, railroad, etc.

Walking with giants and keeping pace with the world. CEEG has established long-term strategic partnerships with world-class companies such as DuPont, Schneider, DSI. Pursuing innovation, fulfilling responsibilities, and constantly surpassing products, quality, services and actions, it has developed into a domestic giant power transmission and distribution equipment supplier with a solid industrial foundation. Its cast resin dry type transformers have been exported to more than 40 countries and regions in the world. The strategic layout of brand internationalization and service globalization has been formed!

Make CEEG the world's first choicel



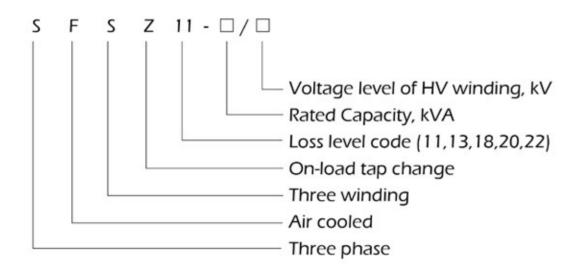








110kV (60kV) Oil Immersed Power Transformer



The new high-temperature resistant transformer independently developed by CEEG adopts a mixed insulation structure, and the hot spot temperature part of the body uses DuPont's Nomex insulation material (grade C heat resistance) and mineral oil, which truly meets the operational requirements of "high overload, safety and reliability" in the whole life cycle. This product is the best choice for users with special high requirements for transformers or renewal and transformation (capacity expansion and transformation on the basis of the original transformer).





Low energy consumption and large capacity

The no-load loss of the product is more than 10% lower than that of the current national standard gb6451-2015, and the load loss is more than 5% lower than that of the current national standard gb6451-2015. The performance meets the energy efficiency standard of gb20052-2020. The noise level of self-cooling is lower than the national standard. According to the needs of users, the advanced Nomex insulating material and transformer insulating oil of DuPont can be used to make the product performance meet the requirements of high overload, high service life, high reliability, high safety and high capacity density.





Performance characteristics



Low Loss

The no-load loss is more than 10% lower than the current national standard GB6451-2015, the load loss is more than 5% lower than the current national standard GB6451-2015, and the performance meets the energy efficiency standard of GB20052-2020.



Low Noise

The self cooling noise level will reach below 60dB, nearly 20dB lower than the national standard. If users have special requirements, they can also customize ultra-low noise transformers:



Low Partial Discharge

The company has introduced modern enterprise management mode. The whole process of 110kV products will be dust-free operation, all metal parts and insulating parts inside the body will be rounded, and the local discharge capacity will be controlled below 100pc;



Strong Short Circuit Resistance

110kV transformer has passed national certification. Ensure that no product is damaged due to sudden short circuit, with strong reliability;



Beautiful Appearance

Full polishing and derusting, powder electric spraying paint can achieve the spraying effect of household appliances, wide chip radiator, never leg color.



No Leakage

All seals are made of acrylate material and adopt one-time molding technology. There is no interface. We solemnly promise that there will be no leakage. Fluorescence, positive pressure and negative pressure are used for leakage test.

Service Conditions

It is conducive to peak summer. It is applicable to the main power grid with high load rate under high temperature and places with impact load and continuous overload requirements. Such as iron and steel, metallurgical industry, railway transportation, power plant, hydropower station, etc.

Product Introduction

Main structural features

NOMEX Insulation + Transformer Insulation Oil

1. High Temperature Resistant and Safer

When the ambient temperature is 40 ℃, it can operate continuously under 100% load for a long time.

At the same temperature, the continuous load rate is 20% higher than that of oil immersed transformer.

| Ambient Temperature(°C) | -10 | 0 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 |
|----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| \$13(K24) | 1.25 | 1.17 | 1.09 | 1.00 | 0.91 | 0.81 |
| SRN(K24) | 1.37 | 1.3 | 1.25 | 1.18 | 1.10 | 1.00 |

2. Low loss and energy saving

20% energy saving compared with ordinary oil immersed transformer

3. Maintenance free and more environmentally friendly

The seal has the same service life as the transformer All materials can be recycled

Technological innovation

- 1 High temperature resistant hybrid insulation system;
- 2 Compact structure design;
- 3 Seven step temperature control technology to ensure operation safety;
- 4 30-year life pan design;
- The iron core adopts a fully inclined 45 degree 7-step joint structure.



Original Core Technology

High temperature resistant hybrid insulation system



The hot spot temperature distribution of the coil is determined by using the temperature field analysis software, and the insulation materials with different temperature resistance grades are reasonably selected, so that the components of the overall insulation system of the transformer can reach the same service life, and the design service life of the product is more than 30 years.

7-step Temperature Control Technology

The mature structure and technology of traditional transformer shall be adopted as far as possible in the structure of high-temperature liquid immersed transformer, which retains the advantages of reliability, good manufacturability and economy of the traditional transformer. The biggest difference between this transformer and the traditional transformer is that the actual situation of the temperature field in the transformer is reasonably considered in the design, and the insulation materials with different temperature resistance grades are reasonably used according to the temperature distribution to form a hybrid insulation system. With the help of transformer temperature field simulation technology, the temperature distribution of the transformer (mainly winding and its vicinity) can be determined more accurately. According to different temperature ranges, different grades of insulating materials can be selected to give full play to the high-temperature resistance characteristics of materials, and at the same time, it has a good economy. The actual maximum oil temperature of this liquid immersed transformer is set at 95 °C, which ensures that the transformer has good safety, thermal performance margin and long expected life. For the temperature design of the whole transformer, we propose and implement the concept of "seven-step temperature control technology" as the design principle, that is, gradually extend from the vicinity of the winding hot spot with the highest temperature to the external low-temperature area and divide it into five levels, and consider the short circuit and overload to form a seven-level thermal state for temperature control:

(1) Insulation material temperature control technology: different insulation materials shall be selected according to the temperature of different parts of the winding and body. The control winding hot spot temperature.

(2) Temperature control technology of liquid flow circuit: it is a technology to determine and control the liquid flow temperature of each part by comprehensively considering the relationship between liquid velocity field and temperature field. Control the boundary layer liquid temperature and top layer liquid temperature near the hot spot of the winding.

(3) Overload temperature control technology: temperature rise control of various parts of the transformer under overload state. The temperature distribution under overload conditions is different from that underrated load operation. Attention should be paid to the temperature rise change under overload conditions in design.

(4) Iron core temperature control technology: temperature control of insulating parts in contact with iron core. (5) Sealed temperature control technology: the thermal expansion, deformation, strength, etc. of the fully sealed oil tank, the influence and control with the change of temperature, so as to ensure the normal operation of the transformer within its allowable temperature range.

(6) Component temperature control technology: components shall be made of insulation materials of the corresponding grade according to the temperature of their location, such as

aling gasket, etc.

(7) Short circuit temperature control technology: in case of transformer fault short circuit, the value of short-circuit current flowing through the winding is very large, but the time is very short. It is usually calculated according to the adiabatic process. Under the condition of multiple short-circuit reclosing, the heat accumulation and heat dissipation effect shall be considered. Generally speaking, due to Nomex ® The paper has good high-temperature resistance, mechanical strength, and the change of dielectric coefficient and dielectric loss with temperature is very small. Even under the condition of multiple short-circuit reclosing, it will not cause mechanical damage and electrical failure due to temperature rise, and will not lose the service life of insulating materials.

Measures for anti sudden short circuit capacity of 110kV oil immersed power transformer

Improving the ability of 110kV power transformer against sudden short circuit is mainly guaranteed from two aspects: design calculation and manufacturing process.

1. In terms of design, there are the following points:

- (1) Reasonable ampere turn balance calculation of transformer coil can effectively control the maximum unbalanced ampere turn and reduce the short-circuit mechanical force to the greatest extent.
- (2) Mechanical stress belongs to the tolerance test. Copper conductor is a plastic material. When the deformation of copper wire is less than 0.2% after the transformer short circuit, the winding can recover deformation. Soft copper wire shall be selected according to the maximum short-circuit mechanical force borne by the transformer (Σ 0.2 = 90Mpa) or semi-rigid copper wire (Σ 0.2 = 120 ~ 260mpa) so that the average critical stress of copper wire Σ 0.2 within the reasonable safety range.
- (3) The strength and stiffness of clamp, pull plate, selected pressing plate and pressing device shall be calculated to meet the safety requirements of maximum short-circuit mechanical force.

 (4) The winding cushion block shall be densified and made of hard cardboard with large elastic
- modulus as far as possible.
- 2. In terms of the manufacturing process, there are the following points:
- (1) The transformer body shall be reasonably controlled in three aspects: first, the coil shall be wound tightly, second, the body shall be sleeved tightly, and third, the body shall be compressed.
- (2) The designed ampere turn balance shall be calculated with the ampere turn balance after manufacturing and processing, and the maximum unbalanced ampere turn shall be strictly controlled.
- (3) Prestress shall be added during the manufacturing process to prevent looseness during the operation of the transformer, so as to increase the short-circuit mechanical force of the transformer.
- (4) The height tolerance of in-phase winding after drying treatment shall be strictly controlled so that each winding can be pressed evenly.

Guarantee measures for low partial discharge of 110kV oil immersed power transformer

The generation of transformer partial discharge mainly depends on the design process assurance and process control. We change the traditional concept, use the viewpoint of "field strength" instead of "voltage" to determine the insulation parameters and insulation structure, select more appropriate insulation materials and adopt advanced production technology to ensure the low partial discharge of the transformer.

- 1. Design: study the mechanism and external performance of partial discharge, make a targeted adjustment, and invite experts in the industry to demonstrate and discuss, so as to fundamentally solve the causes of partial discharge;
- (1) Accurately calculate the field strength distribution and reasonably adjust it to make it evenly distributed, reduce the electric field distortion, and ensure that the maximum field strength of the component with the most concentrated electric field is lower than the initial discharge field strength; (2) Reasonably design the high-voltage outlet components, fillet treatment of internal structural parts of the body, reasonably design and distribute the lead components for low partial discharge, and reasonably adjust the ground distance parameters;
- Process assurance:
- (1) Purified production environment (main components such as iron core, coil, body and assembly are completed in the fully sealed and painted workshop, and the personnel in and out of the workshop can enter the workshop only after changing shoes or wearing shoes covers).
- (2) The body and lead are made in a fully enclosed plant.
- (3) Round the outside of all iron clamps as a whole
- (4) Rounding of the inner cavity of the transformer oil tank
- (5) When inserting the iron yoke on the iron core of the transformer, wrap the coil on the core column with a clean cloth, and then insert the iron yoke to prevent trace metal particles generated in the cutting process on the upper iron yoke from falling into the coil.
- (6) Special improvements are made to the track crane: a box is installed at a proper position under the wheel of the crane to absorb the metal particles generated by the friction between the wheel and the track during the operation of the crane.





WORKSHOP

Main Equipments



Vertical Winding Machine



Vacuum Drying Equipment



Horizontal Winding Machine



Air Cushion Car

Utility model patent and invention patent

- 1. Hoisting structure of 110kV transformer body: ZL2008 2 0238182.6;
- 2. Outgoing line structure of 110kV plug-in cable terminal transformer body: Z L2008 2 0159647.9;
- 3. On load voltage regulation structure of 110kV power transformer: ZL2010 2 9044115.5;
- Current transformer structure for transformer winding temperature measurement: ZL2010 2 9044111.7;
- 5. Magnetic shielding structure of large capacity transformer: ZL2010 2 0635851.0.

The above utility model patents and invention patents have played a significant role in promoting and promoting the quality control and product performance improvement of CEEG's $110kV \sim 220kV$ products, and laid a solid foundation for the product innovation and development of CEEG.



Technical Advantages

R & D Team

CEEG has established a strong technology R & D team, with technology R & amp; D platforms such as postdoctoral workstation, Jiangsu power transformation equipment engineering technology research center, Jiangsu graduate workstation and Jiangsu technology center, in conjunction with the Institute of electrical engineering, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Southeast University, Nanjing University of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Jiangsu University China University of mining and technology and other well-known scientific research institutions and universities jointly carry out a series of technological R & D and innovation.



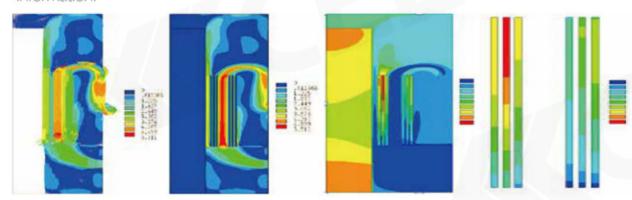






R & D Cloud Platform

It integrates the functions of electromagnetic optimization design, parametric drawing, performance analysis, structural optimization and automatic drawing of transformer, so as to realize the sharing of transformer design resources, search, modification and version control of various data information.



Intelligent Operation and Maintenance Platform

Online power quality analysis and fault alarm can be realized by collecting key data such as transformer temperature, current, voltage, vibration and grid harmonic, and can be installed on mobile phone.

О феня







Technical Parameter

\$18-6300 -180000/110kV oil-immersed three-phase double winding non-excitation voltage regulating power transformer (Class III energy efficiency)

| Rated Capacity | Voltage con | mbination and t | apping range | Vector | 0011177 | DV IAV (IZENC) | 10.06 | 1.000 |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------|--------|---------|----------------|-------|-------|
| kVA | HVKV | HV Tapping | LVKV | Group | PO kW | PK kW (75°C) | IO 96 | UK 96 |
| 6300 | | | | | 5.90 | 33 | 0.62 | |
| 8000 | | | | | 7.10 | 40 | 0.62 | |
| 10000 | | | | | 8.40 | 48 | 0.58 | |
| 12500 | | | | | 9.90 | 56 | 0.58 | |
| 16000 | | | 6.3 | | 12.00 | 69 | 0.54 | 10.5 |
| 20000 | | | 6.6 | | 14.10 | 84 | 0.54 | |
| 25000 | 110 | ±2×2.596 | 10.5 | | 16.60 | 99 | 0.50 | |
| 31500 | 115 | | | YNdII | 19.70 | 117 | 0.48 | |
| 40000 | 121 | | | | 23.50 | 141 | 0.45 | |
| 50000 | 121 | | | | 28.20 | 166 | 0.42 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 33.30 | 198 | 0.38 | |
| 75000 | | | | | 37.80 | 224 | 0.33 | |
| 90000 | | | 13.8 | | 43.50 | 258 | 0.30 | |
| 120000 | ® | | 15.75 | | 54.20 | 320 | 0.27 | 12~14 |
| 150000 | | | 18 | | 64.10 | 379 | 0.24 | |
| 180000 | | | 21 | | 72.00 | 434 | 0.20 | |

\$20-6300-180000 / 110kV oil immersed three-phase double winding non excitation voltage regulating power transformer (Class II energy efficiency)

| Rated Capacity | Voltage con | mbination and t | apping range | Vector | 00.000 | DO LAY LIZENCE | IO 96 | UK 96 |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------|--------|--------|----------------|-------|-------|
| kVA | HVKV | HV Tapping | LVKV | Group | PO kW | PK kW (75°C) | KJ 90 | OK 90 |
| 6300 | | | | | 4.80 | 32 | 0.62 | |
| 8000 | | | | | 5.80 | 38 | 0.62 | |
| 10000 | | | | | 6.80 | 45 | 0.58 | |
| 12500 | | | 12 | | 8.10 | 53 | 0.58 | |
| 16000 | | | 6.3 | | 9.80 | 65.7 | 0.54 | |
| 20000 | | | 6.6 | | 11.40 | 79 | 0.54 | 10.5 |
| 25000 | 110 | | 10.5 | | 13.50 | 94 | 0.50 | |
| 31500 | 115 | ±2×2.5% | | YNdII | 16.00 | 111 | 0.48 | |
| 40000 | 121 | | | | 19.10 | 133 | 0.45 | |
| 50000 | | | | | 22.90 | 158 | 0.42 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 27.00 | 187 | 0.38 | |
| 75000 | | | 13.8 | | 30.70 | 212 | 0.33 | |
| 90000 | | | 15.75 | | 35.40 | 245 | 0.30 | |
| 120000 | | | | | 44.10 | 303 | 0.27 | 12~14 |
| 150000 | | 18 | | (8) | 52.10 | 359 | 0.24 | |
| 180000 | 1 | | 21 | | 58.50 | 411 | 0.20 | 7 |



S22-6300 -180000/110kV oil-immersed three-phase double winding non-excitation voltage regulating power transformer (class I energy efficiency)

| Rated Capacity | Voltage con | nbination and ta | pping range | Vector | DOLLAN | DVIAVATESCA | 10 96 | UK 96 | |
|----------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|--------|--------|--------------|-------|-------|--|
| kVA | HVKV | HV Tapping | LVkV | Group | P0 kW | PK kW (75°C) | 10 90 | OK 70 | |
| 6300 | | | | | 4.10 | 32 | 0.62 | | |
| 8000 | | | | | 4.90 | 38 | 0.62 | | |
| 10000 | | | | | 5.80 | 45 | 0.58 | | |
| 12500 | | | 4.3 | | 6.80 | 53 | 0.58 | | |
| 16000 | | | 6.3 | | 8.30 | 65.7 | 0.54 | | |
| 20000 | | | 6.6 | | 9.70 | 79 | 0.54 | | |
| 25000 | 110 | | 10.5 | | 11.40 | 94 | 0.50 | 10.5 | |
| 31500 | 110 | ±2×2.5% | | YNd11 | 13.50 | 111 | 0.48 | | |
| 40000 | 115 | 22.2.370 | | | 16.20 | 133 | 0.45 | | |
| 50000 | 121 | | | | 19.40 | 158 | 0.42 | | |
| 63000 | | | | | 22.90 | 187 | 0.38 | | |
| 75000 | | | | | 26.00 | 212 | 0.33 | | |
| 90000 | | | 13.8 | | 29.90 | 245 | 0.30 | | |
| 120000 | | | 15.75 | | 37.30 | 303 | 0.27 | 12-1 | |
| 150000 | | | 18 | | 44.10 | 359 | 0.24 | | |
| 180000 |] | | 21. | | 49.50 | 411 | 0.20 | | |

\$18-6300-63000/110kV/35kV oil-immersed three-phase double winding non-excitation voltage regulating power transformer (Class III energy efficiency)

| Rated Capacity | Voltage con | nbination and ta | pping range | Vector | 001111 | PHILIPPIE | 10.04 | UK 96 |
|----------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|--------|--------|--------------|-------|-------|
| kVA | HVKV | HV Tapping | LVkV | Group | PO kW | PK kW (75°C) | 10 % | UK 70 |
| 6300 | | | | | 6.40 | 35 | 0.62 | |
| 8000 | | | | | 7.70 | 42 | 0.62 | |
| 10000 | | | 35 36 | | 9.00 | 49 | 0.58 | |
| 12500 | | | | | 10.50 | 59 | 0.58 | |
| 16000 | 110 | | | | 12.50 | 72 | 0.54 | |
| 20000 | 115 | ±2×2.5% | 37 | YNd11 | 14.80 | 89 | 0.54 | 10.5 |
| 25000 | 121 | | 38.5 | | 17.50 | 105 | 0.50 | |
| 31500 | | | 50.5 | | 20.70 | 126 | 0.48 | |
| 40000 | | | | | 24.60 | 147 | 0.45 | |
| 50000 | | | | | 29.50 | 183 | 0.42 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 34.90 | 220 | 0.38 | |

Technical Parameter

\$20-6300-63000/110kV/35kV oil-immersed three-phase double winding non-excitation voltage regulating power transformer (Class II energy efficiency)

| Rated Capacity | Voltage corr | bination and ta | pping range | Vector | 00.01/ | D/ 11 Y/ (2010) | 10 96 | UK 96 |
|----------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------|--------|--------|-----------------|-------|-------|
| kVA | HVKV | HV Tapping | LVkV | Group | PO kW | PK kW (75°C) | 10 90 | OK 90 |
| 6300 | | | | | 5.20 | 33 | 0.62 | 10.5 |
| 8000 | | | 35 36 | YNd11 | 6.20 | 40 | 0.62 | |
| 10000 | | | | | 7.30 | 47 | 0.58 | |
| 12500 | | | | | 8.50 | 56 | 0.58 | |
| 16000 | 110 | | | | 10.10 | 68 | 0.54 | |
| 20000 | 115 | ±2×2.5% | | | 12.00 | 85 | 0.54 | |
| 25000 | 121 | | 37 | | 14.20 | 99 | 0.50 | |
| 31500 | | | 38.5 | | 16.80 | 120 | 0.48 | |
| 40000 | | | | | 20.00 | 140 | 0.45 | |
| 50000 | | | | | 24.00 | 174 | 0.42 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 28.30 | 209 | 0.38 | |

S22-6300-63000/110kV/35kV oil-immersed three-phase double winding non-excitation voltage regulating power transformer (Class I energy efficiency)

| Rated Capacity | Voltage con | nbination and ta | pping range | Vector | DOLLAY | DV IAV CITICS | 10 96 | UK 96 |
|----------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|--------|--------|---------------|-------|-------|
| kVA | HVKV | HV Tapping | LVKV | Group | P0 kW | PK kW (75°C) | 10.90 | OK 90 |
| 6300 | | | | | 4.40 | 33 | 0.62 | |
| 8000 | | | | | 5.30 | 40 | 0.62 | |
| 10000 | | 17/ | | YNdTT | 6.20 | 47 | 0.58 | |
| 12500 | | | 35 36 | | 7.20 | 56 | 0.58 | |
| 16000 | 110 | | | | 8.60 | 68 | 0.54 | |
| 20000 | 115 | ±2×2.5% | | | 10.20 | 85 | 0.54 | 10.5 |
| 25000 | 121 | | 37 | | 12.10 | 99 | 0.50 | |
| 31500 | | | 38.5 | | 14.30 | 120 | 0.48 | |
| 40000 | | | | 16.90 | 140 | 0.45 | | |
| 50000 | | | | 20.30 | 174 | 0.42 | | |
| 63000 | | | | 24.00 | 209 | 0.38 | | |

11/12



SS18-6300-63000/110kV oil-immersed three-phase three winding non-excitation voltage regulating power transformer (Class III energy efficiency)

| Rated | Voltage | combinatio | on and tap | ping range | Vector | 1 | | | U | < 96 |
|-----------------|---------|------------------|------------|------------|----------|-------|--------------|-------|------------|------------|
| Capacity KVA | HVKV | Tapping Range | MVkV | LVKV | Group | PO KW | PK kW [75°C] | 10 96 | Step-up | Step-down |
| 6300 | | | | | | 7.10 | 42 | 0.66 | | |
| 8000 | | | 8 | | | 8.50 | 50 | 0.62 | HV-MV | HV-MV 10.5 |
| 10000 | | | | | | 10.10 | 59 | 0.59 | 17.5~18.5 | HV-LV |
| 12500 | | | | 6.3 | | 11.80 | 70 | 0.56 | HV-LV 10.5 | 17.5~18.5 |
| 16000 | 110 | | 36 | 6.6 | | 14.30 | 86 | 0.53 | MV-LV 6.5 | MV-LV 6.5 |
| 20000 | 115 | ±2×2.596 | 37 | 10.5 | YNyn0d11 | 16.90 | 101 | 0.54 | | |
| 25000 | 121 | | 38.5 | 21 | | 19.70 | 120 | 0.48 | | |
| 31500 | | | | 21 | | 23.50 | 142 | 0.48 | HV-MV | HV-MV 10.5 |
| 40000 | | | | | | 27.80 | 170 | 0.44 | 17.5~18.5 | HV-LV |
| 50000 | | | | | | 33.30 | 202 | 0.42 | HV-LV 10.5 | 17.5~18.5 |
| 63000 | | | | | | 39.40 | 243 | 0.40 | MV-LV 6.5 | MV-LV 6.5 |

SS20-6300-63000/110kV oil-immersed three-phase three winding non-excitation voltage regulating power transformer (Class II energy efficiency)

| Rated | Voltage | combinatio | on and tap | ping range | Vector | 200000 | 123000000000 | 65550 | U | k96 |
|-----------------|---------|------------------|------------|------------|----------|--------|--------------|-------|------------|------------|
| Capacity kVA | HVKV | Tapping Range | MVRV | LVKV | Group | PO kW | PK kW (75°C) | IO 96 | Step-up | Step-down |
| 6300 | | | | | | 5.80 | 40 | 0.66 | | |
| 8000 | | | | | | 6.90 | 48 | 0.62 | HV-MV | HV-MV 10.5 |
| 10000 | | | | | | 8.20 | 56 | 0.59 | 17.5~18.5 | HV-LV |
| 12500 | | | | 4.3 | | 9.60 | 67 | 0.56 | HV-LV 10.5 | 17.5~18.5 |
| 16000 | 110 | | 36 | 6.3 | | 11.60 | 18 | 0.53 | MV-LV 6.5 | MV-LV 6.5 |
| 20000 | 115 | ±2×2.596 | 37 | 6.6 | YNyn0d11 | 13.70 | 95 | 0.54 | | |
| 25000 | 121 | | 38.5 | 10.5 | | 16.00 | 113 | 0.48 | | |
| 31500 | | | | 21 | | 19.10 | 134 | 0.48 | HV-MV | HV-MV 10.5 |
| 40000 | | | | | | 22.60 | 161 | 0.44 | 17.5~18.5 | HV-LV |
| 50000 | | | | | | 27.00 | 192 | 0.42 | HV-LV 10.5 | 17.5~18.5 |
| 63000 | | | | | | 32.00 | 230 | 0.40 | MV-LV 6.5 | MV-LV 6.5 |

Technical Parameter

SS22-6300-63000/110kV oil-immersed three-phase three winding non-excitation voltage regulating power transformer (Class I energy efficiency)

| Rated | Voltage | e combinatio | on and tap | ping range | Vector | | | | U | c 96 |
|-----------------|---------|------------------|------------|------------|----------|-------|--------------|-------|------------|------------|
| Capacity kVA | HVkV | Tapping Range | MVkV | LVKV | Group | P0 kW | PK kW (75°C) | 10 96 | Step-up | Step-down |
| 6300 | | | | | | 4.90 | 40 | 0.66 | | |
| 8000 | | | | | | 5.80 | 48 | 0.62 | HV-MV | HV-MV 10.5 |
| 10000 | | | | | | 6.90 | 56 | 0.59 | 17.5~18.5 | HV-LV |
| 12500 | | | | 12 | | 8.10 | 67 | 0.56 | HV-LV 10.5 | 17.5~18.5 |
| 16000 | 110 | | 36 | 6.3 | | 9.80 | 81 | 0.53 | MV-LV 6.5 | MV-LV 6.5 |
| 20000 | 115 | ±2×2.596 | 37 | 10.5 | YNyn0d11 | 11.60 | 95 | 0.54 | | |
| 25000 | 121 | | 38.5 | 21 | | 13.50 | 113 | 0.48 | | |
| 31500 | | | | - 21 | | 16.20 | 134 | 0.48 | HV-MV | HV-MV 10.5 |
| 40000 | | | | | | 19.10 | 161 | 0.44 | 17.5~18.5 | HV-LV |
| 50000 | | | | | | 22.90 | 192 | 0.42 | HV-LV 10.5 | 17.5~18.5 |
| 63000 | | | | | | 27.10 | 230 | 0.40 | MV-LV 6.5 | MV-LV 6.5 |

SZ18-6300-63000-110kV oil-immersed three-phase double winding on load voltage regulating power transformer (Class III energy efficiency)

| Rated Capacity | Voltage con | nbination and tap | ping range | Vector | 001111 | DV IAV (7F%) | 10 96 | UK 96 |
|----------------|-------------|-------------------|------------|--------|--------|--------------|-------|-------|
| kVA | HVKV | HV Tapping | LV KV | Group | PO kW | PK kW (75°C) | 10/90 | UK 90 |
| 6300 | | | | | 6.40 | 33 | 0.64 | |
| 8000 | | | | | 7.70 | 40 | 0.64 | |
| 10000 | | | | | 9.00 | 48 | 0.59 | |
| 12500 | | ±8×1.25% | 6.3 | | 10.70 | 56 | 0.59 | |
| 16000 | 5348 | | 6.6 | | 12.90 | 69 | 0.55 | |
| 20000 | 110 | | 10.5 | YNd11 | 15.40 | 84 | 0.55 | 10.5 |
| 25000 | | | 21 | | 18.20 | 99 | 0.51 | |
| 31500 | | | | | 21.60 | 117 | 0.51 | |
| 40000 | | | | | 25.80 | 148 | 0.46 | |
| 50000 | | | | | 30.60 | 184 | 0.46 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 36.30 | 220 | 0.42 | |



SZ20-6300 - 63000 / 110kV oil-immersed three-phase double winding on load voltage regulating power transformer (Class II efficiency)

| Rated Capacity | Voltage con | nbination and tap | oping range | Vector | POKW | DV IAV CTCSCS | 10 96 | LJK 96 |
|----------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|--------|-------|---------------|-------|--------|
| kVA | HVkV | HV Tapping | LVkV | Group | PUKW | PK kW (75°C) | 10 90 | CIX 90 |
| 6300 | | | | | 5.20 | 32 | 0.64 | |
| 8000 | | ±8×1.25% | | | 6.20 | 38 | 0.64 | |
| 10000 | | | | | 7.30 | 45 | 0.59 | |
| 12500 | | | 6.3 | | 8.70 | 53 | 0.59 | |
| 16000 | 1110 | | 6.6 | YNdII | 10.50 | 66 | 0.55 | |
| 20000 | 110 | | 10.5 | TINGTI | 12.50 | 79 | 0.55 | 10.5 |
| 25000 | | | 21 | | 14.80 | 94 | 0.51 | |
| 31500 | | | | | 17.60 | 111 | 0.51 | |
| 40000 | | | | | 21.00 | 140 | 0.46 | |
| 50000 | | | | | 24.80 | 175 | 0.46 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 29.50 | 209 | 0.42 | |

SZ22-6300 - 63000 / 110kV oil immersed three-phase double winding on load voltage regulating power transformer (Class I energy efficiency)

| Rated Capacity | Voltage con | nbination and tap | oping range | Vector | 001447 | DV LAVATERS | 10.04 | UK96 | |
|----------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|--------|--------|--------------|-------|-------|--|
| kVA | HVKV | HV Tapping | LVkV | Group | PO KW | PK kW [75°C] | 10 96 | OK 70 | |
| 6300 | | | | | 4.40 | 32 | 0.64 | | |
| 8000 | | | | | 5.30 | 38 | 0.64 | | |
| 10000 | | | | | 6.20 | 45 | 0.59 | | |
| 12500 | | | 6.3 | | 7.40 | 53 | 0.59 | | |
| 16000 | | ±8×1.25% | 6.6 | | 8.90 | 66 | 0.55 | | |
| 20000 | 110 | | 10.5 | YNdII | 10.60 | 79 | 0.55 | 10.5 | |
| 25000 | | | 21 | | 12.50 | 94 | 0.51 | | |
| 31500 | | | | | 14.90 | 111 | 0.51 | | |
| 40000 | | | | | 17.80 | 140 | 0.46 | | |
| 50000 | | | | | 21.00 | 175 | 0.46 | 1 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 25.00 | 209 | 0.42 | | |

Technical Parameter

SSZ18-6300 - 63000 / 110kV oil-immersed three-phase three winding on load voltage regulating power transformer (Class III energy efficiency)

| Rated | Voltage | combinatio | on and tap | ping range | Vector | | | | U | k 96 |
|-----------------|---------|------------------|------------|------------|----------|-------|--------------|-------|--------------------|-----------|
| Capacity KVA | HVKV | Tapping Range | MVKV | LVkV | Group | PO kW | PK kW (75°C) | 10.96 | Step-up | Step-down |
| 6300 | | | | | | 7.70 | 42 | 0.76 | | |
| 8000 | | | | | | 9.20 | 50 | 0.76 | | |
| 10000 | | | | | | 10.90 | 59 | 0.71 | | |
| 12500 | | | | | | 12.90 | 70 | 0.71 | HV-N | VIV 10.5 |
| 16000 | 110 | ±8× | 36 | 6.3 | | 15.40 | 86 | 0.67 | F | IV-LV |
| 20000 | 115 | 1.25% | 37 | 6.6 | YNyn0d11 | 18.20 | 101 | 0.67 | 18~19 MV-LV 6.5 | 8~19 |
| 25000 | 121 | 1.2590 | 38.5 | 10.5 | | 21.60 | 120 | 0.62 | | LV 6.5 |
| 31500 | | | | 21 | | 25.70 | 142 | 0.62 | | |
| 40000 | | | | | | 30.80 | 170 | 0.58 | | |
| 50000 | | | | | | 36.40 | 202 | 0.58 | | |
| 63000 | | | | | | 43.30 | 243 | 0.53 | | |

SSZ20-6300 - 63000 / 110kV oil immersed three-phase three winding on load voltage regulating power transformer (Class II efficiency)

| Rated | Voltage | combination | on and tap | ping range | Vector | | mark our research | | U | k 96 |
|-----------------|---------|------------------|------------|------------|----------|--------|-------------------|-------|---------|-----------|
| Capacity kVA | HVKV | Tapping Range | MVkV | LVkV | Group | PO KW/ | PK kW (75°C) | 10 96 | Step-up | Step-down |
| 6300 | | | | | | 6.20 | 40 | 0.76 | | |
| 8000 | | | | | | 7.50 | 48 | 0.76 | | |
| 10000 | | | | | | 8.80 | 56 | 0.71 | | |
| 12500 | | | | 6.3 | | 10.50 | 67 | 0.71 | | |
| 16000 | 110 | ±8× | 36 | 6.6 | | 12.50 | 81 | 0.67 | HV-N | /IV 10.5 |
| 20000 | 115 | 1.2596 | 37 | 10.5 | YNyn0d11 | 14.80 | 95 | 0.67 | HV-LV | IV-LV |
| 25000 | 121 | 1.2370 | 38.5 | 21 | | 17.60 | 113 | 0.62 | 11 | 8~19 |
| 31500 | | | | 21 | | 20.90 | 134 | 0.62 | MV- | LV 6.5 |
| 40000 | | | | | | 25.00 | 161 | 0.58 | | |
| 50000 | | | | | | 29.60 | 192 | 0.58 | | |
| 63000 | | | | | | 35.20 | 230 | 0.53 | | |



SSZ22-6300 - 63000 / 110kV oil-immersed three-phase three winding on load voltage regulating power transformer (Class I energy efficiency)

| Rated | Voltage | combination | on and tap | ping range | Vector | 001111 | THE STREET | 1001 | U | k 96 |
|-----------------|---------|------------------|------------|------------|----------|--------|--------------|------|--------------------|-----------|
| Capacity KVA | HVKV | Tapping Range | MVkV | LVKV | Group | P0 kW | PK kW [75°C] | 1096 | Step-up | Step-down |
| 6300 | | | | | | 5.30 | 40 | 0.76 | | |
| 8000 | | | 8 | | | 6.30 | 48 | 0.76 | | |
| 10000 | | | | | | 7.50 | 56 | 0.71 | | |
| 12500 | | | | 6.3 | | 8.90 | 67 | 0.71 | HV-M | IV 10.5 |
| 16000 | 110 | ±8× | 36 | *** | | 10.60 | 18 | 0.67 | H | V-LV |
| 20000 | 115 | | 37 | 6.6 | YNyn0d11 | 12.50 | 95 | 0.67 | 18~19 MV-LV 6.5 | |
| 25000 | 121 | 1.25% | 38.5 | 10.5 21 | | 14.90 | 113 | 0.62 | | |
| 31500 | | | | 523 | | 17.70 | 134 | 0.62 | | |
| 40000 | | | | | | 21.20 | 161 | 0.58 | | |
| 50000 | | | | | | 25.00 | 192 | 0.58 | | |
| 63000 | | | | | 29.80 | 230 | 0.53 | | | |

SS11-6300 - 90000 / 110kV oil-immersed three winding non-excitation voltage regulating

| Rated | Valagecom | bination and ta | ppingrange | Vector | | | | U | k 96 |
|----------------|-----------|-----------------|------------|------------|-------|--------------|------|---------|-----------|
| apacity kVA | HVKV | MVkV | LVKV | Group | PO kW | PK kW [75°C] | 1096 | Step-up | Step-down |
| 6300 | | | | | 9.0 | 45 | 0.75 | | |
| 8000 | | | | | 10.8 | 53 | 0.71 | | |
| 10000 | | | | | 12.7 | 62 | 0.68 | | |
| 12500 | | | | | 15 | 73 | 0.64 | HV-MV | HV-MV |
| 16000 | 110±2× | | 6.3 | | 18 | 90 | 0.6 | 17~18 | 10.5 |
| 20000 | 2.596 | 35 | 6.6 | VAL = Odll | 21.3 | 106 | 0.56 | HV-LV | HV-LV |
| 25000 | 121±2× | 38.5 | 10.5 | YNyn0d11 | 25.2 | 125 | 0.53 | 10.5 | 17~18 |
| 31500 | 2.5% | | 11 | | 30 | 148 | 0.49 | MV-LV | MV-LV |
| 40000 | | | | | 35.8 | 178 | 0.41 | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| 50000 | | | | | 42.3 | 212 | 0.38 | | |
| 63000 | | | | | 50.2 | 255 | 0.38 | 1 | |
| 90000 | | | | | 65.6 | 333 | 0.3 | 1 | |

- 1. The capacity distribution of high, medium and low voltage windings is (100 / 100 / 100)%; 2. The connection group label can be YNd11y10 as required;
- 3. According to the needs of users, the voltage value or tap different from that in the table can be selected for medium voltage;
- 4. The maximum current tap is 5% tap position.

Technical Parameter

$\rm SSZ11\text{-}6300$ - 90000 / $\rm 110kV$ oil-immersed three winding on load voltage regulating power transformer

| Rated | Valagecom | bination and ta | ppingrange | Vector | - | | | 1 11 07 |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|------------|-------------|-------|--------------|------|---------|
| Capacity kVA | HVkV | MVkV | LVkV | Group | PO KW | PK.kW [75°C] | 1096 | Uk % |
| 6300 | | | | | 9.7 | 45 | 0.89 | |
| 8000 | | | | | 11.7 | 53 | 0.89 | |
| 10000 | | | | | 13.8 | 62 | 0.84 | |
| 12500 | | | | | 15.9 | 73 | 0.84 | HV-MV |
| 16000 | | | 6.3 | | 19.7 | 90 | 0.79 | 10.5 |
| 20000 | 110±8× | 35 | 6.6 | VAL model 1 | 23.3 | 106 | 0.79 | HV-LV |
| 25000 | 1.2596 | 38.5 | 10.5 | YNyn0d11 | 27.5 | 125 | 0.74 | 17~18 |
| 31500 | | | 11 | | 32.7 | 148 | 0.74 | MV-LV |
| 40000 | | | | | 39.2 | 178 | 0.68 | 6.5 |
| 50000 | | | | | 46.4 | 212 | 0.68 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 55.2 | 255 | 0.63 | |
| 90000 | | | | | 72.1 | 333 | 0.48 | |

Note:

- On load voltage regulating transformer, temporarily provide step-down structure products;
 The capacity distribution of high, medium and low voltage windings is (100 / 100 / 100)%;
 The connection group label can be YNd11y10 as required;
 The maximum current tapping is 10% tapping position;

- 5. According to the needs of users, the voltage value or tap different from that in the table can be selected for medium voltage.

\$11-6300 - 90000 / 110kV oil-immersed double winding non-excitation voltage regulating power transformer

| Rated | Voltagecom | bination and ta | pping range | Vector | 20.1144 | DV IV VIITO | 10.06 | Uk96 |
|-------------------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|--------|---------|--------------|-------|------|
| Rated apacity kVA | HVkV | HV Tapping | LVRV | Group | PO KW | PK kW (75°C) | 10 96 | UK90 |
| 6300 | | | | | 7.5 | 34 | 0.68 | |
| 8000 | | | | | 9 | 42 | 0.64 | |
| 10000 | | | | | 10.5 | 50 | 0.6 | |
| 12500 | | | | | 12.3 | 59 | 0.56 | |
| 16000 | | | 6.3 | | 15 | 73 | 0.53 | |
| 20000 | 110 | ±2×2.596 | 6.6 | VNd11 | 17.7 | 88 | 0.49 | 10.5 |
| 25000 | 121 | | 10.5 | YNd11 | 21 | 104 | 0.45 | 10.5 |
| 31500 | | | 110 | | 24.9 | 125 | 0.41 | |
| 40000 | | | | | 29.8 | 147 | 0.38 | |
| 50000 | | | | | 35.2 | 183 | 0.34 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 41.8 | 221 | 0.3 | |
| 90000 | | | | | 54.6 | 289 | 0.3 | |

1. The maximum current tap is - 5%



\$11-6300 - 90000/110kV oil-immersed double winding low voltage 35kV non-excitation voltage regulating power transformer

| Rated | Voltage com | bination and ta | pping range | Vector | DOLLY | DELAYITEMS | 10.04 | 1104 |
|--------------------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|---------|-------|--------------|-------|------|
| Rated Capacity KVA | HVKV | HV Tapping | LVKV | Group | PO kW | PK kW (75°C) | 10 % | UK96 |
| 6300 | | | | | 8.1 | 37 | 0.79 | |
| 8000 | | | 8) | | 9.7 | 45 | 0.79 | |
| 10000 | | | | | 11.4 | 52 | 0.74 | |
| 12500 | | | | | 13.3 | 62 | 0.74 | |
| 16000 | | ±2×2.596 | | | 15.9 | 77 | 0.68 | |
| 20000 | 110 | | 35 | VALGITI | 18.9 | 93 | 0.68 | 10.5 |
| 25000 | 121 | ±Z^Z.590 | 38.5 | YNdII | 22.2 | 109 | 0.63 | 10.5 |
| 31500 | | | | | 26.2 | 132 | 0.63 | (0) |
| 40000 | | | | | 31.2 | 155 | 0.58 | |
| 50000 | | | | | 36.6 | 192 | 0.58 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 43.3 | 232 | 0.53 | |
| 90000 | 1 | | | | 56.6 | 303 | 0.41 | |

SZ11-6300 - 90000/110kV oil-immersed double winding on load voltage regulating

| Rated | Voltage con | nbination and tag | opingrange | Vector | PO kW/ | DV IAV//7EVCI | IO 96 | Uk96 |
|-------------------------|-------------|-------------------|------------|--------|--------|---------------|-------|------|
| Rated apacity kVA | HVKV | Tapping | LVkV | Group | PUKW | PK kW (75°C) | KJ 90 | OK90 |
| 6300 | | | | | 8.1 | 34 | 0.74 | |
| 8000 | | | | | 9.7 | 42 | 0.74 | |
| 10000 | | | | | 11.7 | 50 | 0.68 | |
| 12500 | | | | | 13.6 | 59 | 0.68 | |
| 16000 | | ±8×21.25% | 6.3 | | 16.5 | 73 | 0.63 | |
| 20000 | 110 | | 6.6 | YNd11 | 19.5 | 88 | 0.63 | 10.5 |
| 25000 | 110 | ±8×21.25% | 10.5 | TINGTT | 22.7 | 104 | 0.58 | 10.5 |
| 31500 | | | 11 | | 27.4 | 125 | 0.58 | |
| 40000 | | | | | 32.9 | 148 | 0.53 | |
| 50000 | | | | | 38.9 | 183 | 0.53 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 46.3 | 221 | 0.47 | |
| 90000 | | | | | 60.5 | 289 | 0.36 | |

On load voltage regulating transformer, temporarily provide step-down structure products;

2. Negotiate with the manufacturer according to the user department; Products that can provide other voltage combinations;

3. The maximum current tap is - 10% tap position.

SS13-6300 - 90000/110kV oil-immersed three winding non excitation voltage regulating power transformer

| Rated | Voltagecom | binetion and ta | opingrange | Vector | | | 1007 | U | k 96 |
|-----------------|------------|-----------------|------------|------------|-------|--------------|------|---------|-----------|
| Capacity kVA | HVkV | MVKV | LVkV | Group | PO kW | PK kW (75°C) | 1096 | Step-up | Step-down |
| 6300 | | | | | 7.2 | 45 | 0.75 | | |
| 8000 | | | | | 8.6 | 53 | 0.71 | | |
| 10000 | | | | | 10.2 | 62 | 0.68 | | |
| 12500 | | | | | 12 | 73 | 0.64 | HV-MV | HV-MV |
| 16000 | 110±2× | | 6.3 | | 14.4 | 90 | 0.6 | 17~18 | 10.5 |
| 20000 | 2.5% | 35 | 6.6 | YNyn0d11 | 17 | 106 | 0.56 | HV-LV | HV-LV |
| 25000 | 121±2× | 38.5 | 10.5 | rivyriodii | 20.2 | 125 | 0.53 | 10.5 | 17~18 |
| 31500 | 2.5% | | 11 | | 24 | 148 | 0.49 | MV-LV | MV-LV |
| 40000 | | | | | 28.6 | 178 | 0.41 | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| 50000 | | | | | 33.8 | 212 | 0.38 | | |
| 63000 | | | | | 40.2 | 255 | 0.38 | | |
| 90000 | | | | | 52.5 | 333 | 0.3 | | |

Note:

- 1. The capacity distribution of high, medium and low voltage windings is (100 / 100 / 100)%;
- 2. The connection group label can be YNd11y10 as required;
- 3. According to the needs of users, the voltage value or tap different from that in the table can be selected for medium voltage;
- 4. The maximum current tap is 5% tap position.

SSZ13-6300 - 90000/110kV oil-immersed three winding on load voltage regulating power transformer

| Rated | Voltagecom | binationandta | ppingrange | Vector | D01114/ | DV II V I Z DICI | 100/ | 1 11 07 |
|-------|------------|---------------|------------|--------------|---------|------------------|------|---------|
| kVA | HVKV | MVkV | LVkV | Group | PO kW | PK kW (75°C) | JO96 | Uk 96 |
| 6300 | | | | | 7.8 | 45 | 0.89 | |
| 8000 | | | | | 9.4 | 53 | 0.89 | |
| 10000 | | | | | 11 | 62 | 0.84 | |
| 12500 | | | | | 12.7 | 73 | 0.84 | HV-MV |
| 16000 | | | 6.3 | | 15.8 | 90 | 0.79 | 10.5 |
| 20000 | 110±8× | 35 | 6.6 | YNyn0d11 | 18.6 | 106 | 0.79 | HV-LV |
| 25000 | 1.25% | 38.5 | 10.5 | rivyriod i i | 22 | 125 | 0.74 | 17~18 |
| 31500 | | | 11 | | 26.2 | 148 | 0.74 | MV-LV |
| 40000 | | | | | 31.4 | 178 | 0.68 | 6.5 |
| 50000 | | | | | 37.1 | 212 | 0.68 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 44.2 | 255 | 0.63 | |
| 90000 | 1 | | | | 57.7 | 333 | 0.48 | |

Note:

- 1. On load voltage regulating transformer, temporarily provide step-down structure products; 2. The capacity distribution of high, medium and low voltage windings is (100/100/100)%;
- The connection group label can be YNd11y10 as required;
 The maximum current tapping is 10% tapping position;
- 5. According to the needs of users, the voltage value or tap different from that in the table can be selected for medium voltage.

19/20

^{1.} The maximum current tap is - 5% tap position.



\$13-6300 - 90000 / 110kV oil-immersed double winding non excitation voltage regulating power transformer

| Rated | Voltage com | bination and ta | ppingrange | Vector | 001111 | 001111177 | 10.04 | Uk96 |
|-------------------------|-------------|-----------------|------------|--------|--------|--------------|-------|------|
| Rated apacity KVA | HVKV | HV Tapping | LVkV | Group | PO kW | PK kW (75°C) | 10 96 | UK90 |
| 6300 | | V-1 | | | 5.92 | 34 | 0.68 | |
| 8000 | | | 8) | | 7.2 | 42 | 0.64 | |
| 10000 | | | | | 8.4 | 50 | 0.6 | |
| 12500 | | | | | 9.8 | 59 | 0.56 | |
| 16000 | | | 6.3 | | 12 | 73 | 0.53 | |
| 20000 | 110 | ±2×2.5% | 6.6 | YNd11 | 14.2 | 88 | 0.49 | 105 |
| 25000 | 121 | ±2×2.590 | 10.5 | | 16.8 | 104 | 0.45 | 10.5 |
| 31500 | | | 11 | | 19.9 | 125 | 0.41 | (0) |
| 40000 | | | | | 23.8 | 147 | 0.38 | |
| 50000 | | | | | 28.2 | 183 | 0.34 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 33.4 | 221 | 0.3 | |
| 90000 | | | | | 43.7 | 289 | 0.3 | |

Note: 1. The maximum current tapping is - 5%.

\$13-6300 - 90000 / 110kV/35kV oil-immersed double winding non excitation voltage regulating power transformer

| Rated | Voltage com | bination and tap | pping range | Vector | PO KW | DK W.Y. (75)(1) | 10 96 | Uk96 |
|-------------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|--------|-------|-----------------|-------|------|
| Rated apacity kVA | HVKV | Tapping | LVKV | Group | PUKW | PK kW (75°C) | 10 90 | OK90 |
| 6300 | | | | | 6.5 | 37 | 0.79 | |
| 8000 | | | | | 7.8 | 45 | 0.79 | |
| 10000 | | | | | 9.1 | 52 | 0.74 | |
| 12500 | | | | | 10.6 | 62 | 0.74 | |
| 16000 | | | | | 12.7 | 77 | 0.68 | |
| 20000 | 110 | 12-2 504 | 35 | MILITE | 15.1 | 93 | 0.68 | 105 |
| 25000 | 121 | ±2×2.5% | 38.5 | YNdII | 17.8 | 109 | 0.63 | 10.5 |
| 31500 | | | | | 21 | 132 | 0.63 | |
| 40000 | | | | | 25 | 155 | 0.58 | |
| 50000 | | | | | 29.3 | 192 | 0.58 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 34.6 | 232 | 0.53 | |
| 90000 | | | | | 45.3 | 303 | 0.41 | |

Note: 1. The maximum current tapping position is - 5%.

Technical Parameter

$\rm SZ13\text{-}6300\text{-}90000\text{/}110kV}$ oil-immersed double winding on load voltage regulating power transformer

| Rated | Voltage con | nbination and ta | pping range | Vector | DO INV | DV (1) V (TEXT) | 10.04 | Uk96 |
|--------------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------------|--------|--------|-----------------|-------|------|
| Rated Capacity KVA | HVkV | HV Tapping | LVKV | Group | PO KW | PK kW (75°C) | 10 % | OK70 |
| 6300 | | 1000000 | | | 6.5 | 34 | 0.74 | |
| 8000 | | | | | 7.8 | 42 | 0.74 | |
| 10000 | | | | | 9.4 | 50 | 0.68 | |
| 12500 | 1 | | | | 10.9 | 59 | 0.68 | |
| 16000 | | | 6.3 | | 13.2 | 73 | 0.63 | |
| 20000 | 110 | .0.1250 | 6.6 10.5 11 | MALALI | 15.6 | 88 | 0.63 | 10.5 |
| 25000 | 110 | ±8×1.25% | | YNdII | 18.2 | 104 | 0.58 | 10.5 |
| 31500 | | | | | 21.9 | 125 | 0.58 | |
| 40000 | | | | | 26.3 | 148 | 0.53 | |
| 50000 | | | | | 31.1 | 183 | 0.53 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 37 | 221 | 0.47 | |
| 90000 | 1 | | | | 48.4 | 289 | 0.36 | |

Note:

- On load voltage regulating transformer, temporarily provide step-down structure products;
 Negotiate with the manufacturer according to the user department; Products that can provide other voltage combinations;
 The maximum current tap is 10% tap position.

\$18-3150 - 63000 / 66kV oil-immersed three-phase double winding non excitation voltage regulating power transformer (Class III energy efficiency)

| _ | _ | J . | | | | 33 | | |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|--------|--------|--------------|-------|------|
| Rated | Voltage con | nbination and tag | oping range | Vector | PO kW/ | PK kW (75°C) | 10 % | Uk96 |
| Capacity kVA | HVkV | HV Tapping | LVkV | Group | TO KW | FKKW [/SC] | 10 70 | OKNO |
| 3150 | | | | | 3.20 | 21.9 | 0.84 | |
| 4000 | | | | | 3.80 | 25.9 | 0.80 | 8.0 |
| 5000 | | | | | 4.60 | 29.2 | 0.68 | |
| 6300 | | | | | 5.80 | 32.5 | 0.60 | |
| 8000 | | ±5% | | | 7.10 | 38.5 | 0.60 | |
| 10000 | 42 | | 6.3 | YNd11 | 8.40 | 45.4 | 0.56 | |
| 12500 | 63 | | | | 9.90 | 54 | 0.56 | |
| 16000 | 66 | ±2×2.5% | 6.6 | | 12.00 | 66.3 | 0.52 | |
| 20000 | 69 | | 10.5 | | 14.10 | 80.4 | 0.52 | 9.0 |
| 25000 | | | | | 16.60 | 95 | 0.48 | |
| 31500 | | | | | 19.70 | 114 | 0.44 | |
| 40000 | | | | | 23.50 | 134 | 0.44 | 1 |
| 50000 | | | | | 28.20 | 158.7 | 0.40 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 33.30 | 188.1 | 0.36 | |
| | | | | | | | | |



S20-3150 - 63000 / 66kV oil-immersed three-phase double winding non-excitation voltage regulating power transformer (Class II energy efficiency)

| Rated | Voltage com | nbination and tap | oping range | Vector | PO KW | PK kW (75°C) | 10 96 | Uk96 |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|--------|-------|--------------|-------|------|
| Capacity kVA | HVKV | HV Tapping | LVKV | Group | PUKW | PK KW [75 C] | 10 90 | OKA |
| 3150 | | | | | 2.60 | 20.7 | 0.84 | |
| 4000 | | | | | 3.10 | 24.6 | 0.80 | 8.0 |
| 5000 | | | | | 3.70 | 27.6 | 0.68 | |
| 6300 | | | | 4.70 | 30.8 | 0.60 | | |
| 8000 | | | | YNdII | 5.80 | 36.5 | 0.60 | 9.0 |
| 10000 | | | 6.3 | | 6.80 | 43 | 0.56 | |
| 12500 | 63 | ±596 | | | 8.10 | 51.1 | 0.56 | |
| 16000 | 66 | ±2×2.596 | | | 9.80 | 62.8 | 0.52 | |
| 20000 | 69 | | 10.5 | | 11.40 | 76.1 | 0.52 | |
| 25000 | | | | | 13.50 | 90 | 0.48 | |
| 31500 | | | | | 16.00 | 108 | 0.44 | |
| 40000 | | | | | 19.10 | 126.9 | 0.44 | |
| 50000 | | | | | 22.90 | 150.3 | 0.40 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 27.00 | 178.2 | 0.36 | |
| 50000 | - | | | | 22.90 | 150.3 | 0.40 | |

S22-3150 - 63000 / 66kV oil-immersed three-phase double winding non-excitation voltage regulating power transformer (Class I energy efficiency)

| Rated | Voltage con | nbination and tap | oping range | Vector | 20011111 | PV II V (TEXE) | 10.04 | 1 500 |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|--------|----------|----------------|-------|-------|
| Capacity kVA | HVKV | HV Tapping | LVKV | Group | PO KW | PK kW (75°C) | 10 96 | Uk96 |
| 3150 | | | | | 2.20 | 20.7 | 0.84 | |
| 4000 | | | | | 2.60 | 24.6 | 0.80 | 8.0 |
| 5000 | | ±596 ±2×2.596 | | | 3.10 | 27.6 | 0.68 | |
| 6300 | | | | | 4.00 | 30.8 | 0.60 | |
| 8000 | | | 6.3 | YNd11 | 4.90 | 36.5 | 0.60 | |
| 10000 | | | | | 5.80 | 43 | 0.56 | |
| 12500 | 63 | | | | 6.80 | 51.1 | 0.56 | |
| 16000 | 66 | | | | 8.30 | 62.8 | 0.52 | |
| 20000 | 09 | | 10.5 | | 9.70 | 76.1 | 0.52 | 9.0 |
| 25000 | | | | | 11.40 | 90 | 0.48 | |
| 31500 | | | | | 13.50 | 108 | 0.44 | |
| 40000 | | | | | 16.20 | 126.9 | 0.44 | |
| 50000 | | | | | 19.40 | 150.3 | 0.40 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 22.90 | 178.2 | 0.36 | |

Technical Parameter

SZ18-6300 - 63000 / 66kV oil-immersed three-phase double winding on load voltage regulating power transformer (Class III energy efficiency)

| Rated | Voltage com | nbination and tap | pingrange | Vector | PO kW | DV IAV/7EVCI | 10 96 | Uk96 |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------|-----------|--------|-------|--------------|-------|------|
| Capacity KVA | HVKV | HV Tapping | LVKV | Group | rukw | PK.kW (75°C) | 10 90 | OKA |
| 6300 | | | | | 6.40 | 32.5 | 0.60 | |
| 8000 | | | | | 7.70 | 38.5 | 0.60 | |
| 10000 | | | | | 9.00 | 45.4 | 0.56 | |
| 12500 | | | | | 10.70 | 54 | 0.56 | |
| 16000 | 63 | | 6.3 | | 12.90 | 66.3 | 0.52 | |
| 20000 | 66 | ±8×1.25% | 6.6 | YNdll | 15.40 | 80.4 | 0.52 | 9.0 |
| 25000 | 69 | | 10.5 | | 18.20 | 95 | 0.48 | |
| 31500 | | | | | 21.50 | 114 | 0.44 | |
| 40000 | | | | | 25.80 | 134 | 0.44 | |
| 50000 | | | | | 30.40 | 158.7 | 0.40 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 35.90 | 188.1 | 0.36 | |

SZ20-6300 - 63000 / 66kV oil immersed three-phase double winding on load voltage regulating power transformer (Class II energy efficiency)

| Rated Capacity kVA | Voltagecon | nbination and tap | ping range | Vector | PO KW/ | DE MAY (75%) | 10 % | Uk96 |
|--------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|--------|--------|--------------|-------|------|
| | HVkV | HV Tapping | LVkV | Group | PUKW | PK kW (75°C) | 10 70 | 0650 |
| 6300 | | | | | 5.20 | 30.8 | 0.60 | |
| 8000 | | | | | 6.20 | 36.5 | 0.60 | |
| 10000 | | | | | 7.30 | 43 | 0.56 | |
| 12500 | | | | | 8.70 | 51.1 | 0.56 | |
| 16000 | 63 | | 6.3 | | 10.50 | 62.8 | 0.52 | |
| 20000 | 66 | ±8×1.25% | 6.6 | YNd11 | 12.50 | 76.1 | 0.52 | 9.0 |
| 25000 | 69 | | 10.5 | | 14.80 | 90 | 0.48 | |
| 31500 | | | | | 17.50 | 108 | 0.44 | |
| 40000 | | | | | 20.90 | 126.9 | 0.44 | |
| 50000 | | | | | 24.70 | 150.3 | 0.40 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 29.20 | 178.2 | 0.36 | |



SZ22-6300 - 63000 / 66kV oil immersed three-phase double winding on load voltage regulating power transformer (Class I energy efficiency)

| Rated | Voltage com | nbination and tap | ping range | Vector | DOUAY | DV IAV (7EV) | 10 96 | Uk96 |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------|------------|--------|-------|--------------|-------|------|
| Capacity kVA | HVKV | HV Tapping | LVKV | Group | PO KW | PK kW [75°C] | 10 90 | OKA |
| 6300 | | | | | 4.40 | 30.8 | 0.60 | |
| 8000 | | | | | 5.30 | 36.5 | 0.60 | |
| 10000 | | | | | 6.20 | 43 | 0.56 | |
| 12500 | | | | | 7.40 | 51.1 | 0.56 | |
| 16000 | 63 | | 6.3 | | 8.90 | 62.8 | 0.52 | |
| 20000 | 66 | ±8×1.2596 | 6.6 | YNdII | 10.60 | 76.1 | 0.52 | 9.0 |
| 25000 | 69 | | 10.5 | | 12.50 | 90 | 0.48 | |
| 31500 | | | | | 14.80 | 108 | 0.44 | |
| 40000 | | | | | 17.70 | 126.9 | 0.44 | |
| 50000 | | | | | 20.90 | 150.3 | 0.40 | |
| 63000 | | | | | 24.70 | 178.2 | 0.36 | |

Qualification Certificate



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TYPE TEST REPORT of 63000/110 TRANSFORMER

Qualification Certificate





ISO 19001

ISO 45001



ISO 14001

Product Family Product Family





































- 1. Amorphous Metal Transformer
- 4. 220kV Power Transformer
- 7. 110kV Power Transformer
- 2. VPI Transformer
- 5. 220kV Traction Transformer
- 8. 35kV Power Transformer
- 3. Cast Resin Transformer
- 6. 110kV Traction Transformer
- 9. 110kV Mobile Transformer

- 1. Mining Flame-proof Substation
- 4. Ocean Platform Transformer
- Marine Transformer

2. Rectifier Transformer

- 7. Integrated PV Step-up Transformer 8. Substation
- 3. Harmonic Mitigating Transformer
- 6. AFWF Transformer
- 9. Substation